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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,921	07/09/2003	Takahisa Hatakeyama	826.1880	7868

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EXAMINER
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ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3621	

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

PTOL-90A (Rev. 04/07)

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/614,921	HATAKEYAMA ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Cristina Owen Sherr	3621	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE _3_ MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on _7/9/'07_.

2a)☐ This action is **FINAL**.   2b)☐ This action is non-final.

3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4)☒ Claim(s) _1,2 and 5-38_ is/are pending in the application.

    4a) Of the above claim(s) _7,13-16,18-27,29-33,35 and 36_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6)☒ Claim(s) _1,2, 5-6,8-12,17,28,34 and 36_ is/are rejected.

7)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.

    Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

    Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

    a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:

    1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

    2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

    3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

    * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1)☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2)☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3)☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _4/12/07_.

4)☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .

5)☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application

6)☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1.   This communication is in response to applicant's amendment filed July 9, 2007.

Claims 1, 28 and 34 have been amended. Claims 3 and 4 have been canceled.

Claims 1-2 and 5-38 are pending in this case. Claims 1, 2, 5-6, 8-12, 17, 28, 34 and 36

are currently presented for examination as being drawn to an elected invention and

species. Claims 7, 13-16, 18-27, 29-33, and 35 are withdrawn as being drawn to a

nonelected invention and/or species.

Information Disclosure Statement

2.   The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on April 12, 2007 is in

compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure

statement is being considered by the examiner.

Response to Arguments

3.   Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 11, 2, 5-6, 8-12, 17, 28, 34 and 36

have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

> (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set
> forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and
> the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the
> invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.
> Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4.   Claims 1-2, 5-6, 8-12, 17, 28, 34 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as

being unpatentable over Hashimoto et al (US 2001/0018736).

5.   Regarding claim 1 -

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit executing a program(e.g. abs, par 0004,

0078) comprising an encrypting unit encrypting a block (e.g. 0069, 0074) , and

decrypting an encrypted block (e.g. par 0079, fig.2), wherein: a first private key is

concealed in secrecy (e.g. par 0075); and said encrypting unit obtains from a first

license a code decryption key for decrypting an encrypted block which configures a first

program by decrypting with the first private key the first license of the first program (e.g.

par 0074), which is encrypted with a public key pairing with the first private key (e.g. par

0075);

the code decryption key is recorded to said tamper resistant buffer (par 0147),

the first license includes an access condition used when an execution process of the

first program accesses a memory region, and wherein said central processing unit

further includes:

            a Translation Lookaside Buffer (TLB) recording an address of the

memory   region, at which the encrypted block which configures the first program is

recorded, and the access condition to the memory region (par 80),

        a memory-managing unit (par 0080),

        a cache(par 144), and.

        a processor core ((par 0144),

        wherein said TLB and said tamper resistant buffer are linked(par 144),

        wherein said memory managing unit obtains the access condition to the

memory region from said TLB based on an address or a memory region, at which an

encrypted block is recorded, and further obtains the code decryption key corresponding

to the memory region from said tamper resistant buffer (par 146),

wherein said processor core determines whether an access to the memory region

is permitted to be made from the execution process based on the access condition

obtained by process if said processor core determines that the access to the

memory region is permitted to be made (par 247) and,

wherein said encrypting unit writes to said cache a code obtained by

decrypting the encrypted block within the memory region with the code decryption key

obtained by said memory managing unit.(par 146).

6.   Hashimoto does not use the same terminology, as the instant application, "secret

key" rather than "private key", but such differences in terminology do not confer

patentability. It would be obvious t o one of ordinary skill in the art to adapt terminology

to suit the needs of the users.

7.   Regarding claim 2 –

8.   Hashimoto discloses the central processing unit wherein said encrypting unit

decrypts the encrypted block in units of cache when the encrypted block which

configures the first program is output from a memory region to said cache (fig.8 par

0172).

9.   Regarding claim 5 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit wherein the code decryption key and the

encryption key used to encrypt the encrypted block are a same key (e.g. par 0049).

10.   Regarding claim 6 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit wherein when a memory region

accessed from the execution process of the first program switches from a first memory

region to a second memory region, said memory managing unit further determines

whether or not a code decryption key corresponding to the first memory region, which is

obtained from said tamper resistant buffer, and a code decryption key corresponding to

the second memory region match, and an access is made to the second memory region

from the execution process if said memory managing unit determines that the code

decryption keys match, or the access to the second memory region is not made from

the execution process if said memory managing unit determines that the code

decryption keys mismatch. (e.g. 0094).

11.   Regarding claim 8 –

Hashimoto discloses the central processing unit wherein: a different data encryption key

is recorded to said tamper resistant buffer for each code decryption key; said encrypting

unit records data within said cache to the memory region that is corresponded to the

data decryption key by said TLB after encrypting the data with the data decryption key

when recording the data to the memory region, and writes encrypted data within the

memory region to said cache after decrypting the read data with the data encryption key

when reading the encrypted data within the memory region (e.g. par 0050).

12.   Regarding claim 9 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit wherein when data obtained by executing

a first code is used by a second code, said processor core sets said TLB so as to

provide the second code with an access right to a memory region to which the data is

recorded, and also sets said TLB and said tamper resistant buffer so that the second

code uses a data encryption key for encrypting the data when reading the data from the

memory region (e.g. par 0090).

18.   Regarding claim 10 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit further comprising: a register; and a

register access control table for performing access control for said register, wherein said

processor core controls sealing and release of said register with a sealing flag within

said register access control table (e.g. par 0145).

19.   Regarding claim 11 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit wherein when contents of said TLB is

recorded to a page table within an external storage device, said encrypting unit affixes a

signature to the contents to be recorded, and verifies whether or not the signature is

legal when contents of the page table is captured into said TLB. (e.g. par 0147).

20.   Regarding claim 12 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit wherein when contents of said tamper

resistant buffer is recorded to an encryption key table within an external storage device,

said encrypting unit encrypts the contents to be recorded. (e.g. par 0147).

21.   Regarding claim 17 –

Hashimoto discloses a central processing unit wherein: said tamper resistant buffer

records unable-to-output information indicating whether or not to output corresponding

information within said tamper resistant buffer to an outside of said tamper resistant

buffer, and cache lock information indicating whether or not to output corresponding

information to an outside of said cache; and a move of the first license between the first

program and a different program is managed based on the unable-to-output information

and the cache lock information. (e.g. par 0180).

22.   Claims 28, 34, and 36 are rejected under the same criteria as above.

23.   Examiner's note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in

the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant.

Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are

applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures

may be applied as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the

responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part

of the claimed invention as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art

or disclosed by the examiner.

Conclusion

24.   Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Cristina Owen Sherr whose telephone number is 571-

272-6711. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00 Monday through
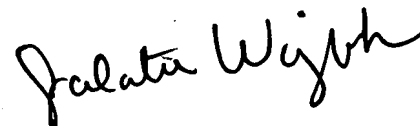
Friday.

25.   If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Andrew J. Fischer can be reached on 571-272-6779. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

26.   Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Cristina Owen Sherr
Patent Examiner, AU 3621

JALATEE WORJLOH
PRIMARY EXAMINER